

#### Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V
- · Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 150KHz (Typ.)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ.)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max.)
- Quiescent Current: 5.5µA per Amplifier (Typ.)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter

#### Small Package:

GS8521 Available in SOT23-5 and SC70-5 Packages GS8522 Available in SOP-8, MSOP-8, DIP-8 and DFN-8 Packages

GS8524 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

### **General Description**

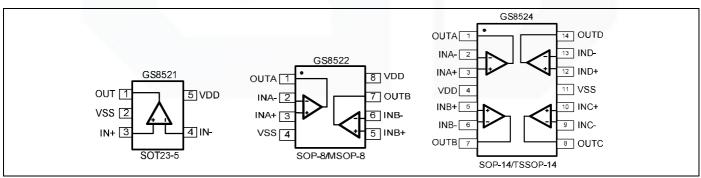
The GS8521 family have a high gain-bandwidth product of 150KHz, a slew rate of  $0.07V/\mu s$ , and a quiescent current of  $5.5 \mu$  A/amplifier at 5V. The GS8521 family is designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS8521 family. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The GS8521 single is available in Green SOT-23-5 packages. The GS8522 Dual is available in Green SOP-8, MSOP-8 packages. The GS8524 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

## Applications

- ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interface
- Medical Communication
- · Smoke Detectors

## **Pin Configuration**

- Audio Output
- Piezoelectric Transducer Amplifier
- · Medical Instrumentation
- Portable Systems



#### Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram







## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Condition	Min	Max			
Power Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V			
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V			
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V			
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C			
Junction Temperature	+1	60°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C			
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+2	+260°C			
Package Thermal Resistance (T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C)					
SOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	125	°C/W			
MSOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	216	°C/W			
SOT23-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190	190°C/W			
ESD Susceptibility					
НВМ	6	KV			
MM	3	V00			

**Note:** Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
GS8521	Single	GS8521-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8521
069500	GS8522 Dual -	GS8522-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8522
G30522		Duai	GS8522-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000
000504	Qued	GS8524-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8524
GS8524 Quad –	GS8524-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8524	







## **Electrical Characteristics**

### (At Vs = +5V, $R_L$ = 500k $\Omega$ connected to Vs/2, and Vout = Vs/2, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	ТҮР	MIN	МАХ	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	•				1	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = V_S/2$	0.4		3.5	mV
Input Bias Current	IB		1			pА
Input Offset Current	los		1			pА
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			V
Common Made Dejection Datio	CMDD	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 4V	114	70		
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 5.6V	87	60		dB
Onen Leen Veltere Cein		$R_L = 500k\Omega$ , $V_O = +0.1V$ to +4.9V	110	90		dB
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A <sub>OL</sub>	$R_L = 100 k\Omega$ , $V_O = +0.1 V$ to +4.9V	108	88		uв
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS} / \Delta_T$		2			uV/ºC
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V <sub>OH</sub>	$R_L = 500 k\Omega$	4.997	4.990		V
	V <sub>OL</sub>	$R_L = 500 k\Omega$	3	10		mV
	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	D (00) V/ (0	58	40		
Output Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	$R_{L} = 10\Omega \text{ to } V_{S}/2$	58	40		mA
POWER SUPPLY	6					
Operating Voltage Range				2.1	5.5	V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S}$ = +2.5V to +5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = +0.5V	94	65		dB
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	Ιq		5.5			uA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP		150			kHz
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1, 2V Output Step	0.07			V/uS
Settling Time to 0.1%	t <sub>S</sub>	G = +1, 2V Output Step	30			uS
NOISE PERFORMANCE	·				1. I	
Vallana Naisa Daraitu		f = 1kHz	85			$nV / \sqrt{Hz}$
Voltage Noise Density	en	f = 10kHz	44			$nV / \sqrt{Hz}$

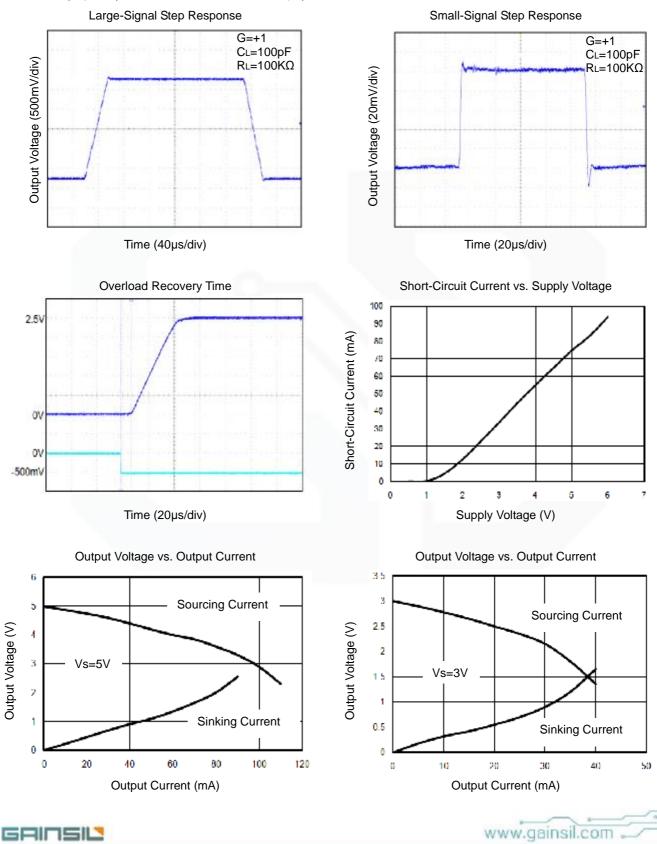
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## **Typical Performance characteristics**





### **Application Note**

#### Size

GS8521 family series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8521 family packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

#### Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8521 family series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual  $\pm 1.05V$  to  $\pm 2.75V$  supplies. For best performance, a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V<sub>DD</sub> pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1µF ceramic capacitors.

#### Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 5.5uA per channel) of GS8521 family will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

#### **Operating Voltage**

GS8521 family operates under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime

#### Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8521 family extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ( $V_{SS}$ -0.1V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

#### **Rail-to-Rail Output**

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS8521 family can typically swing to less than 10mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>500k $\Omega$ ), and 30mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (100k $\Omega$ ).

#### **Capacitive Load Tolerance**

The GS8521 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

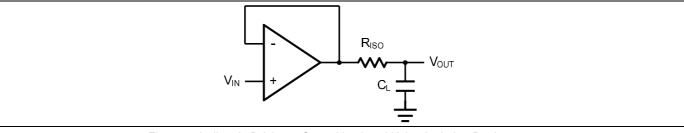


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the  $R_{ISO}$  resistor value, the more stable  $V_{OUT}$  will be. However, if there is a resistive load  $R_L$  in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to  $R_{ISO}/R_L$ ) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R<sub>F</sub> provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V<sub>IN</sub> to R<sub>L</sub>. C<sub>F</sub>







and  $R_{ISO}$  serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of  $C_{F}$ . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

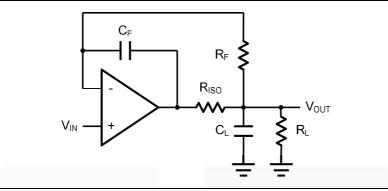


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy









## **Typical Application Circuits**

### Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS8521 family.

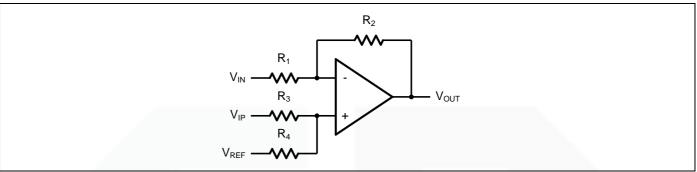


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e.  $R_1=R_3$  and  $R_2=R_4$ ), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

### Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by  $-R_2/R_1$ . The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency  $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$ .

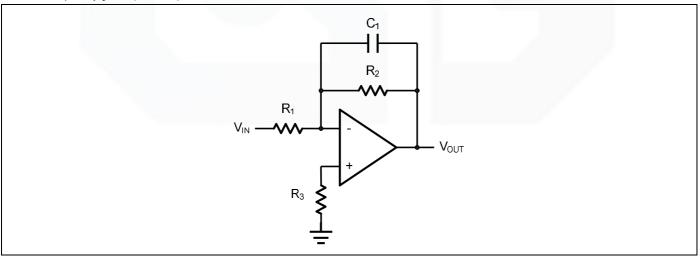


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

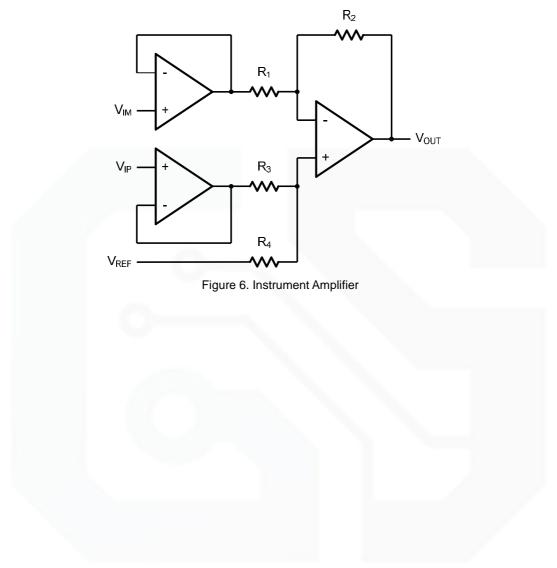






### Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS8521 family can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R2/R1. The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.



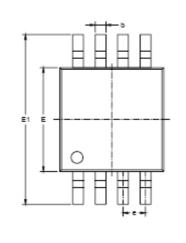




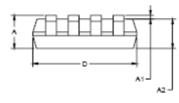


# Package Information

MSOP-8





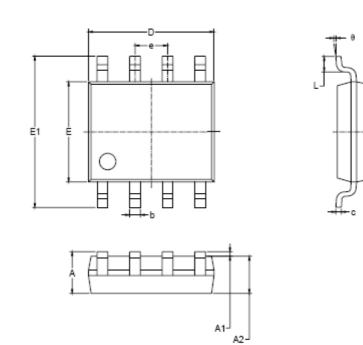


		Dimensions In Inches		
MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006	
0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
0.650 BSC		0.026	BSC	
0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
0°	6°	0°	6°	
	In Milli MIN 0.820 0.020 0.750 0.250 0.090 2.900 2.900 4.750 0.650 0.400	0.820 1.100   0.020 0.150   0.750 0.950   0.250 0.380   0.090 0.230   2.900 3.100   2.900 3.100   4.750 5.050   0.650 BSC   0.400 0.800	In Millimeters In In   MIN MAX MIN   0.820 1.100 0.032   0.020 0.150 0.001   0.750 0.950 0.030   0.250 0.380 0.010   0.090 0.230 0.004   2.900 3.100 0.114   2.900 3.100 0.114   4.750 5.050 0.026   0.650 BSC 0.026   0.400 0.800 0.016	





SOP-8



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
А	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
с	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
6	0°	8°	0°	8°	

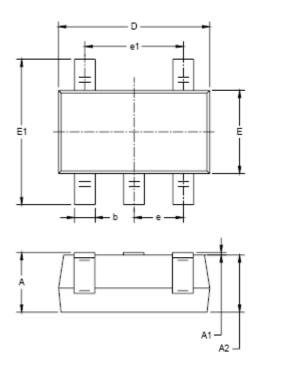


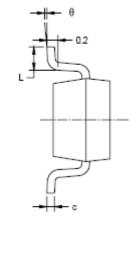
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### SOT23-5

# GS8521/22/24





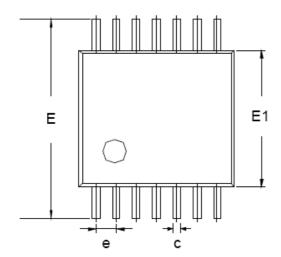
Symbol		isions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
с	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950 BSC		0.037 BSC		
e1	1.900 BSC		0.075	BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0° 8°		0°	8°	

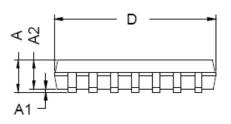


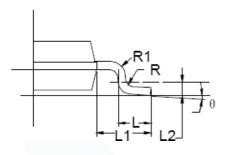












	Dimensions				
Symbol	In Millimeters				
Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX		
A	-	-	1.20		
A1	0.05	-	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
b	0.20	-	0.28		
с	0.10	0.10 - 0			
D	4.86	4.86 4.96			
E	6.20 6.40		6.60		
E1	4.30	4.30 4.40			
е		0.65 BSC			
L	0.45 0.60 0.75		0.75		
L1	1.00 REF				
L2	0.25 BSC				
R	0.09				
θ	0° - 8°				

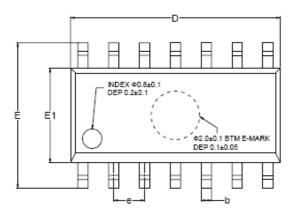


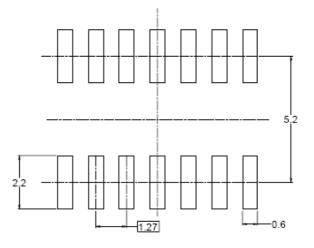




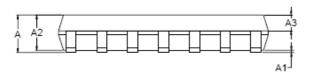
#### SOP-14

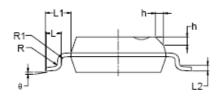
# GS8521/22/24





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symphical	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
A	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
е		1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
L1		1.04 REF	F 0.040 REF			
L2	0.25 BSC		0.01 BSC			
R	0.07			0.003		
R1	0.07			0.003		
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°



